(Big) Data Engineering In Depth From Beginner to Professional

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#### The Definitive Guide to Big Data Engineering Tasks

#### Videos classification

Watching Method / Audience	Computer	Mobile/Tablet	Just listening
Developer		•	
DevOps		•	
Business		•	

Table: Video classification The green circle • means short video. The blue circle • means medium video. The red circle • means long video

### Section: Hot vs Cold Storage

# Hot vs Cold Storage



## What is multi-temperature Storage?

- (Most of) DWH solution design has multi-temperature data management model.
- What is the multi-temperature data management model?
  - It is a data classification design which allows us to have the following characteristics
    - (high performance) access on the frequent data (Hot data).
    - Good (average performance) access to less-frequently data (warm data).
    - Availability to access rarely accessed data (cold data).
  - Who is responsible for data temperature classifications?
    - Demand team, product owner, or data architect (Based on the business needs).

# Why do we need it?

- Why do we need the multi-temperature data management model?
  - Cost reduction **\$\$\$\$**
  - Performance.

- How to implement the multi-temperature data management model?
  - Before implementation, we need to know the following:
    - Frequency of access
    - Data change rate.
  - Identify which storage type is suitable for the project
    - We store the hot data on the fast storage system.
    - Warm data (usual) stored on slightly slower storage.
    - We store the cold data on the slowest storage.

- Design consideration to make the retention easily.
  - Table partitions need to be split based on the retention policy plan  $\textcircled{S} \ensuremath{\Theta}$  (date).
  - Summary tables (agg) need to be maintained to reduce the need for access the cold storage.
  - Backup, Recovery, and Rollback plans need to be automated and prepared/tested before moving the data.

- Implementation (summary):
  - There are lots of tools for this purpose and categorized as follows:
    - Enterprise.
    - Open source.
    - Cloud tools.

- - IBM InfoSphere
  - Informatica PowerCenter
  - Oracle Data Service Integrator
  - Talend Data Integration
  - Microsoft SQL

- - Apache NiFi\*
  - CloverETL
  - Pentaho
  - Talend Open Studio\*

- - AWS Migration Services.
  - Azure Migration Tools.
  - Google Migration Services/Velostrata.
- Some cloud providers offer physical data movement services.
- How to choose the most suitable storage type for your project/organization?